

### **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 04/08/2025

Page 1 of 16 Print Date 04/14/2025

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

## **Section 1. Identification**

PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2 **GHS** product identifier

Chemical name Mixture CAS number Mixture Other means of identification CC10407086

**Product type** solid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Industrial applications. Plastics.

Supplier's details AVIENT CORPORATION

33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012

1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (844) 4AVIENT

**Emergency telephone number** (with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or

accident).

## Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. All ingredients are bound in a PVC polymer matrix and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. PVC resin is manufactured from Vinyl Chloride Monomer (VCM). PVC resin manufacturers take special efforts to strip residual VCM from their resins. Residual VCM in the resin is typically below 8.5 ppm. However, VCM is a known carcinogen. The end-user (fabricator) should take necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, local exhaust, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure to any vapors or dusts that may be released during heating or fabrication. See Sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

**OSHA/HCS** status

While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified.

## **GHS** label elements



## **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 04/08/2025 Page 2 of 16 Print Date 04/14/2025

Signal word : No signal word.

**Hazard statements**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Precautionary statements**

Prevention
Response
Storage
Disposal
Supplemental label elements
Hazards not otherwise classified

Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
None known.
None known.
Not available.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureChemical name: MixtureOther means of identification: CC10407086

## CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	>= 25 - <= 50	13463-67-7
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters,	>= 5 - <= 10	68515-48-0
C9-rich		
Diundecyl phthalate	>= 5 - <= 10	3648-20-2
2-(2-Hydroxy-5-tert-octylphenyl)benzotriazole	>= 5 - <= 10	3147-75-9
2-Benzotriazolyl-4-methylphenol	>= 5 - <= 10	2440-22-4
Silica, amorphous	>= 3 - <= 5	7631-86-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



#### **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Page 3 of 16 Revision Date 04/08/2025 Print Date 04/14/2025

## Section 4. First aid measures

## **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.

Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical

surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact**: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated

clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the

exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.



## **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 04/08/2025 Page 4 of 16 Print Date 04/14/2025

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

No specific fire or explosion hazard.

May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl).

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for firefighters Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any

personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated

in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note

of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil

or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and



## **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 04/08/2025

Page 5 of 16 Print Date 04/14/2025

place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a

licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water

> courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency

contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

Advice on general occupational

hygiene

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (2022-01-06) TWA 0.2 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, nanoscale particles TWA 2.5 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-	None.



## **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 04/08/2025 Page 6 of 16 Print Date 04/14/2025

branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	
Diundecyl phthalate	None.
2-(2-Hydroxy-5-tert-octylphenyl)benzotriazole	None.
2-Benzotriazolyl-4-methylphenol	None.
Silica, amorphous	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 6 mg/m3

**Appropriate engineering controls** 

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker

exposure to airborne contaminants.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

## **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.



## **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 04/08/2025

Page 7 of 16 Print Date 04/14/2025

Respiratory protection Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that

meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper

fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state solid [Pellets.] Color **BROWN** Not available. Odor **Odor threshold** Not available. pН Not available. **Melting point** Not available. **Boiling** point Not available. Flash point Not applicable.

**Burning time** Not available. **Burning rate** Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Lower: Not applicable. Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits **Upper:** Not applicable.

Not available. Vapor pressure Not applicable. Vapor density

Not available. **Relative density** Not available. **Solubility** Solubility in water Not available. Partition coefficient: n-Not applicable.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not applicable.

**Decomposition temperature** Not available. **SADT** Not available.

Dynamic: Not available. Viscosity

**Kinematic:** Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity



## **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Page 8 of 16 Revision Date 04/08/2025 Print Date 04/14/2025

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

Incompatible materials : Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers

during processing.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Titanium oxide (TiO2)				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h
	Dusts and mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10,000 mg/kg	-
Phenol, 2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)-				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,000 mg/kg	-
Phenol, 2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-methyl-				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10,000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich					
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_		_
acid, 1,2-diundecyl ester	Lycs Wind initialit	Rubbit			
Phenol, 2-(2H-benzotriazol-	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
2-yl)-4-methyl-					
Silica	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-

Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Mixture.Not fully tested.



## **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 04/08/2025 Page 9 of 16 Print Date 04/14/2025

**Eyes** : Mixture.Not fully tested. **Respiratory** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Sensitization** 

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture. Not fully tested.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	-	2B	-
Silica	-	3	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)** 

Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)** 

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of

Not available.

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



#### **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 04/08/2025 Page 10 of 16 Print Date 04/14/2025

Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

## Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : Not available. **Developmental effects** : Not available.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

N/A

**Other information**: This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects.

Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the

individual components which comprise the mixture.

# Section 12. Ecological information



## **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 04/08/2025 Page 11 of 16 Print Date 04/14/2025

## **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure			
Titanium oxide (TiO2)						
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 h			
	Marine water					
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h			
		dubia				
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 h			
	water					
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid,	1,2-diundecyl ester					
	Acute EC50 12 Mg/l Fresh water	Acute EC50 12 Mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 h				
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 Mg/l Fresh	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	155 d			
	water					
	Chronic NOEC 0.059 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 d			
	water					
PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2						
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.					
invertebrates.:						

**Conclusion/Summary** : Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the

polymer matrix.

Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the

polymer matrix.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the

polymer matrix.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-	8.8	3.00	low
10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich			
Phenol, 2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-	4.2	-	high
methyl-			

## **Mobility in soil**

**Soil/water partition coefficient** : Not available.



### **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Page 12 of 16 Revision Date 04/08/2025 Print Date 04/14/2025

(KOC)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

<u>United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List:</u> Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

# Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water : Not regulated for transportation.

International Air ICAO/IATA

: Consult mode specific transport rules

International Water

IMO/IMDG

: Consult mode specific transport rules

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

of the components are listed.

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Listed 1,2-

Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich

United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed



### **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 04/08/2025

Page 13 of 16 Print Date 04/14/2025

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Rutile, antimony chromium buff Vinyl chloride monomer

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed **United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:** 

Not listed

Listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Not listed

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Not listed

**Substances** 

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor** 

Chemicals)

Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential** 

Chemicals)

Not listed

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

#### **SARA 311/312**



## **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

 Version Number 1.0
 Page 14 of 16

 Revision Date 04/08/2025
 Print Date 04/14/2025

**Classification** : Not applicable.

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

Name	%	Classification
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	>= 25 - <= 50	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	>= 5 - <= 10	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,2-diundecyl ester	>= 5 - <= 10	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
Phenol, 2-(2H-benzotriazol- 2-yl)-4-(1,1,3,3- tetramethylbutyl)-	>= 5 - <= 10	ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4
Phenol, 2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-methyl-	>= 5 - <= 10	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
Silica	>= 3 - <= 5	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

Not applicable.

New York

**New Jersey** 

**State regulations** 

Massachusetts : The following components are listed:

Titanium dioxide Silica, amorphous

Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel
None of the components are listed.

: The following components are listed:

Titanium dioxide

Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer

Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel

**Pennsylvania**: The following components are listed:

Titanium dioxide

Silica, amorphous

Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.



### **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 04/08/2025 Page 15 of 16 Print Date 04/14/2025

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Titanium dioxide	-	-
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-	Yes.	-
branched alkyl esters, C9-rich		

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

## **International regulations**

### **Inventory list**

Australia : Not determined.

Canada: All components are listed or exempted.China: All components are listed or exempted.

Eurasian Economic Union

Japan

Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.

Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : Not determined.

Philippines: All components are listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan : Not determined.
Thailand : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.

United States : All components are active or exempted.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

## **Section 16. Other information**

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	0
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.



### **PVC UV BRONZE 22 V2**

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 04/08/2025

Page 16 of 16 Print Date 04/14/2025

**History** 

**Date of printing** 04/14/2025 Date of issue/Date of revision 04/08/2025 Date of previous issue 00/00/0000

Version 1.0

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate Key to abbreviations

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

References Not available.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.