### 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019 PolyOne

Page 1 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 26874L MAGENTA

Section 1. Identification	on	
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification	:	26874L MAGENTA Mixture Mixture CC00014368
Product type	:	solid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the subs</u> Product use	stance :	or mixture and uses advised against Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	POLYONE CORPORATION 33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

## Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. Some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

### **GHS label elements**

### 26874L MAGENTA

<u>PolyOne</u>

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019 Page 2 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
		Causes serious eye damage.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Wear eye or face protection.
Response	:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
-		Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
C.		Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	Keep container tightly closed.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.
		Not available.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC00014368

### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium oxide	3 - 5	13463-67-7
Xanthylium, 3,6-bis(diethylamino)-9-[2- (methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-, (T-4)-tetrachlorozincate(2-) (2:1)	3 - 5	73398-89-7
Xanthylium, 3,6-bis(ethylamino)-9-[2-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]- 2,7-dimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	3 - 5	3068-39-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

### There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the



## 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019 Page 3 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

## 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019

Page 4 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

waistband. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. : Inhalation Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended : exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following: : respiratory tract irritation coughing Adverse symptoms may include the following: Skin contact pain or irritation redness blistering may occur Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion stomach pains Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms Notes to physician : may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment. **Specific treatments** : **Protection of first-aiders** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without : suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

### 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019



Page 5 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical powder. Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire- exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

## 26874L MAGENTA



Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019	Page 6 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019
Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into

sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from
		6/19

'ne

### 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019 Page 7 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Xanthylium, 3,6-bis(diethylamino)-9-[2- (methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-, (T-4)- tetrachlorozincate(2-) (2:1)	None.
Xanthylium, 3,6-bis(ethylamino)-9-[2- (methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-2,7-dimethyl- , chloride (1:1)	None.
Titanium oxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TWA 10 mg/m3

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

## 26874L MAGENTA



20074L MAGENTA	
Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019	Page 8 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Approved by a spectalist before handling this product.</li> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

Physical state	solid [Powder.]
Color	: RED
Odor	: Not available.

## 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019

# <u>PolyOne</u>

Page 9 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not available.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
		Kinematic: Not available.
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	:	Not available.
Ignition distance	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition - Time	:	Not available.
equivalent		
Enclosed space ignition -	:	Not available.
Deflagration density		
Flame height	:	Not available.
		NT

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

:

Not available.

Flame duration

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or
		its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see
		Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will
-		not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible
		0/40



## 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2	Page 10 of 19
Revision Date 09/19/2019	Print Date 09/20/2019
	sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Titanium oxide					
Remarks - Oral:	No applicable toxic	city data			
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-	
Xanthylium, 3,6-bis(diethylamino)-9-[2-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-, (T-4)-tetrachlorozincate(2-) (2:1)					
Remarks - Oral:	No applicable toxicity data				
<b>Remarks - Inhalation:</b>	No applicable toxicity data				
<b>Remarks - Dermal:</b>	No applicable toxicity data				
Xanthylium, 3,6-bis(ethylamino)-9-[2-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-2,7-dimethyl-, chloride (1:1)					
Remarks - Oral:	No applicable toxicity data				
<b>Remarks - Inhalation:</b>	No applicable toxicity data				
<b>Remarks - Dermal:</b>	No applicable toxic	city data			
Conclusion/Summany	• Mixtu	ra Not fully tested			

Conclusion/Summary

: Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium oxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human		72 hrs	-
Conclusion/Summary		•		•	
Skin	: M	ixture.Not full	y tested.		
Eyes	: M	ixture.Not full	y tested.		
Respiratory	: M	ixture.Not full	y tested.		

# PolyOne

## 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019 Page 11 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

<b>Sensitization</b>		
Conclusion/Summary		
Skin	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Respiratory	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium oxide	-	2B	-
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not fully to	ested.
<u>Teratogenicity</u>			
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not fully to	ested.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

# Information on likely routes of : Not available. exposure

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation	:	Causes serious eye damage. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended
Skin contact	:	exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11/19

## 26874L MAGENTA

P	bly	One
_		

Version Number 1.2	Page 12 of 19
Revision Date 09/19/2019	Print Date 09/20/2019

Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical, ch	nemi	cal and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure
---------------------

Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	5,594.7 mg/kg



## 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019

Page 13 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure			
Titanium oxide						
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l Marine	Fish - Fish	96 h			
	water					
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	Acute					
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Acute					
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Acute					
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic plants:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data					
Aquatic invertebrates.:						
Xanthylium, 3,6-bis(diethylam	nino)-9-[2-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-,	, (T-4)-tetrachlorozincate(2	2-) (2:1)			
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data					
invertebrates.:						
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic plants:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Chronic - Aquatic invertebrates.:	No applicable toxicity data					
	no)-9-[2-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-2,	7-dimethyl-, chloride (1:1)				
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data	¥ · · · · / ·				
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic plants:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data					
Aquatic invertebrates.:						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					

Persistence and degradability

### 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019 PolyOne

Page 14 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b> Not available.		
Mobility in soil		
Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)	:	Not available.
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever **Disposal methods** : possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

## Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

## 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019 PolyOne

Page 15 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

International Water IMO/IMDG : Consult mode specific transport rules

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed. United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Listed Mercury
		United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Listed Lead
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):
		Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed
		United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,2-diethyl ester Selenium
		Arsenic 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,2-dimethyl ester Zinc
		Xanthylium, 3,6-bis(diethylamino)-9-[2- (methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-, (T-4)-tetrachlorozincate(2-) (2:1) Antimony Mercury Nickel

## 26874L MAGENTA

$P_{c}$	bly(	)ne.
	_	

Version Number 1.2	Page 16 of 19
Revision Date 09/19/2019	Print Date 09/20/2019

		Lead Copper Chromium Cadmium Silver
		United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed

### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	RQ for component
Zinc	7440-66-6	1,000 lb(s)
		454 kg

### SARA 311/312

Classification

: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Arsenic	> 0 - < 0.1	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
		ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
16/10		



## 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019 Page 17 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

Titanium oxide	>= 3 - <= 5	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Xanthylium, 3,6- bis(diethylamino)-9-[2- (methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-, (T-4)-tetrachlorozincate(2-) (2:1)	>= 3 - <= 5	ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
Xanthylium, 3,6- bis(ethylamino)-9-[2- (methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]- 2,7-dimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	>= 3 - <= 5	ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

### <u>SARA 313</u>

### Form R - Reporting requirements

Product name	CAS number	%
Lead	7439-92-1	> 0 - < 0.1
Mercury	7439-97-6	> 0 - <= 0.1
Zinc	7440-66-6	>= 1 - <= 3
Xanthylium, 3,6-bis(diethylamino)-9-[2- (methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-, (T-4)-tetrachlorozincate(2-) (2:1)	73398-89-7	>= 3 - <= 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	:	None of the components are listed.
New York	:	The following components are listed: Zinc
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed: Xanthylium, 3,6-bis(diethylamino)-9-[2-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]- , (T-4)-tetrachlorozincate(2-) (2:1) Titanium oxide Zinc Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline-free
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed: Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline-free

### 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019

**1**е

Page 18 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

Zinc

Titanium oxide

Xanthylium, 3,6-bis(diethylamino)-9-[2-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-, (T-4)-tetrachlorozincate(2-) (2:1)

### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Xanthylium, 9-(2-carboxyphenyl)-3,6bis(diethylamino)-, chloride (1:1), Titanium oxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Titanium oxide	-	-
Xanthylium, 9-(2-carboxyphenyl)-3,6- bis(diethylamino)-, chloride (1:1)	-	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are active or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	Not determined.
International regulations		
Inventory list		
Australia	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	:	Not determined.
China	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Europe inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	:	Not determined.
New Zealand	:	Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.

## **Section 16. Other information**

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health

3

18/19



### 26874L MAGENTA

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 09/19/2019 Page 19 of 19 Print Date 09/20/2019

Flammability	3
Physical hazards	0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

<b>History</b>		
Date of printing	:	09/20/2019
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	09/19/2019
Date of previous issue	:	01/16/2004
Version	:	1.2
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
•		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.